

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Trade name : Iso Butyl Acetate Nat

CAS No : 110-19-0

Product code : 12050

Formula : C6H12O2

Synonyms : 2-methyl-1-propyl acetate / 2-methylpropyl acetate / 2-methylpropyl ethanoate / acetic acid 2-

methylpropyl ester / acetic acid isobutyl ester / acetic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester / betamethylpropyl ethanoate / FEMA number 2175 / IBAc / Isobutyl acetate / isobutyl

acetate, urethane grade / isobutyl ethanoate

BIG no : 10011

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Solvent

Chemical raw material

Odorant

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CHEMTEX USA 27-29 Dwight Place Fairfield, 07004 - USA

T 862-702-8900 - F 862-702-8180

contact@chemtexusa.com - www.chemtexusa.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTEL:(800)255-3924

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Aquatic Acute 3 H402

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS02

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, dry sand to extinguish

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous

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waste

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

| Name | Product identifier | % | Classification (GHS-US) |
|---|--------------------|-----|---|
| Isobutyl Acetate Natural (Main constituent) | (CAS No) 110-19-0 | 100 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 |

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| First-aid | measures | denerai |
|-----------|----------|---------|

- : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation
- Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.
 Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the victim to rest.
- First-aid measures after skin contact
- : Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
- First-aid measures after eye contact
- : Rinse with water. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.
- First-aid measures after ingestion
- Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not give milk/oil to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries

- : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.
- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation
- EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression. Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Disturbances of consciousness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

: ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Dry skin. Cracking of the skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

: Slight irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

: Risk of aspiration pneumonia. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Central nervous system depression. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

- : Preferably: alcohol resistant foam. Water spray. Polyvalent foam. AFFF foam. BC powder. Carbon dioxide. Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media
- : Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium. Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Highly flammable. Gas/vapour flammable with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard". Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

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| Explosion hazard | : DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Gas/vapour explosive with air within explosion limits. |
|------------------|---|
| | INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. may be ignited by sparks. Reactions with explosion |
| | hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard" May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture |

Reactivity : Hydrolyzes on exposure to (strong) acids/bases: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Decomposes slowly on exposure to water (moisture): release of corrosive/combustible gases/vapours (acetic acid vapours, butanol). Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Decomposes slowly on exposure to light:

release of corrosive/combustible gases/vapours (acetic acid vapours, butanol).

Advice for firefighters

: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Do not move the load if exposed to Firefighting instructions heat. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting

any chemical fire. Avoid (reject) fire-fighting water to enter environment.

Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. Do not enter fire area without proper Protection during firefighting

protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No

smoking.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment Gloves. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus. See

"Material-Handling" to select protective clothing.

Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation. Seal off low-lying areas. Close **Emergency procedures** doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosion proof appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers closed.

Wash contaminated clothes. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For emergency responders 6.1.2.

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

: Ventilate area. **Emergency procedures**

Environmental precautions

Prevent spreading in sewers. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.3.

For containment Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute/disperse

> combustible gas/vapour with water curtain. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.

Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Methods for cleaning up Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after

handling. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as

possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed Precautions for safe handling

- : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
- Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Handle uncleaned empty containers as full ones. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over. Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with skin. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation. Exhaust gas must be neutralised. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eat, drink or smoke and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/...

equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep in fireproof

place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible products : Strong bases, strong acids

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

Heat-ignition : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.

Prohibitions on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: combustible materials, oxidizing agents, (strong) acids.

(strong) bases. water/moisture.

Storage area : Store in a dry area. Store in a dark area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Provide

for an automatic sprinkler system. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. May be stored under inert gas. Keep out of direct sunlight. Meet the legal

requirements.

Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing, with pressure relief valve, dry, clean, opaque, correctly

labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.

Packaging materials : SUITABLE MATERIAL: steel. stainless steel. aluminium. iron. copper. nickel. glass.

stoneware/porcelain. MATERIAL TO AVOID: synthetic material.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

| Iso Butyl Acetate Nat (110-19-0) | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---------|
| ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 150 ppm |
| ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 150 ppm |
| OSHA | Not applicable | |

8.2. Exposure controls

рH

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Materials for protective clothing : GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: PVA. tetrafluoroethylene. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: butyl

rubber. neoprene. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: natural rubber. nitrile rubber. polyethylene.

PVC. viton.

Hand protection : Gloves. Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Safety glasses. Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Gas mask with filter type A. High vapour/gas concentration: self-contained respirator. Wear

approved mask.

Other information : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Liquid.
Color : Colourless

Odor : Sweet odour Fruity odour Floral odour

Odor threshold : 0.4 - 4 ppm

1.9 - 19 mg/m³No data available

Melting point : -99 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : 117 °C

Critical temperature : 296 °C

Critical pressure : 32427 hPa

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: 22 °C Flash point Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : 2 Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : 8

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available **Explosion limits** 1.3 - 11 vol % 76 - 510 g/m³ Explosive properties No data available

Oxidizing properties Vapor pressure : 17 hPa Vapor pressure at 50 °C : 85 hPa Relative density : 0.87 Relative vapor density at 20 °C 4 Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture : 1.05 Specific gravity / density : 870 kg/m³

Solubility : Poorly soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in acetone. Soluble in

oils/fats. Soluble in aliphatic hydrocarbons. Soluble in propyleneglycol.

Water: 0.7 g/100ml Ethanol: Complete Ether: Complete 1.59 - 1.78

: 116.16 g/mol

: No data available

Log Pow Log Kow No data available

· 420 °C Auto-ignition temperature

: No data available Decomposition temperature Viscosity No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available : 0.0007 Pa.s (20 °C) Viscosity, dynamic

Other information

 $> 250000 \mu S/m$ Specific conductivity Saturation concentration : 95 g/m³ VOC content : 100 %

Other properties : Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Volatile. Substance has neutral reaction.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Molecular mass

Hydrolyzes on exposure to (strong) acids/bases: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Decomposes slowly on exposure to water (moisture): release of corrosive/combustible gases/vapours (acetic acid vapours, butanol). Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Decomposes slowly on exposure to light: release of corrosive/combustible gases/vapours (acetic acid vapours, butanol).

Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to moisture. Unstable on exposure to light. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

strong acids. Strong bases.

Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

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| Iso Butyl Acetate Nat (110-19-0) | |
|---|--|
| LD50 oral rat | 13400 mg/kg (Rat) |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 17400 mg/kg (Rabbit) |
| ATE US (oral) | 13400.000 mg/kg body weight |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | : Not classified |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | : Not classified |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | : Not classified |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | : Not classified |
| Carcinogenicity | : Not classified |
| Reproductive toxicity | : Not classified |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) | : Not classified |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | : Not classified |
| Aspiration hazard | : Not classified |
| Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Symptoms/injuries after inhalation | : EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression. Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Disturbances of consciousness. |
| Symptoms/injuries after skin contact | : ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Dry skin. Cracking of the skin. |
| Symptoms/injuries after eye contact | : Slight irritation. |
| Symptoms/injuries after ingestion | : Risk of aspiration pneumonia. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Central nervous system depression. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation. |

| SECTION 12: Ecological information | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 12.1. Toxicity | |
| Ecology - general | : Classification concerning the environment: not applicable. |
| Ecology - air | : TA-Luft Klasse 5.2.5. |
| Ecology - water | : Mild water pollutant (surface water). Fouling to shoreline. Ground water pollutant. Harmful to fishes. Slightly harmful to invertebrates (Daphnia) (EC50 (48h): 100 - 1000 mg/l). Slightly harmful to algae (EC50: 100 - 1000 mg/l). Slightly harmful to bacteria. Not harmful to activated sludge. Harmful to aquatic life. |

| Iso Butyl Acetate Nat (110-19-0) | |
|---|--|
| LC50 fish 1 | 100 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus) |
| LC50 other aquatic organisms 1 | 10 - 100 mg/l (96 h) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 44 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; Nocivity test) |
| LC50 fish 2 | 101 mg/l (48 h; Leuciscus idus) |
| EC50 Daphnia 2 | 146 - 192 mg/l (Daphnia magna) |
| TLM fish 1 | > 1000 ppm (96 h; Pisces) |
| Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1 | 10 - 100,96 h; Protozoa |
| Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 2 | 411 mg/l (72 h) |
| Threshold limit algae 1 | 205 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa) |
| Threshold limit algae 2 | 80 mg/l (192 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda) |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Iso Butyl Acetate Nat (110-19-0) | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Persistence and degradability | Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photolysis in the air. Not established. |
| ThOD | 2.2 g O₂/g substance |
| BOD (% of ThOD) | 0.60 % ThOD |

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Iso Butyl Acetate Nat (110-19-0) | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| BCF fish 1 | 4 - 9.7 (Pisces; Estimated value) | |
| Log Pow | 1.59 - 1.78 | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Not established. | |

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| 12.4. | Mobility | in soil |
|-------|-----------|----------|
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| Iso Butyl Acetate Nat (110-19-0) | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Surface tension | 0.024 N/m (20 °C) |

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle by distillation. Incinerate under surveillance with energy recovery. Do not discharge into surface water. May be discharged to wastewater treatment installation. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Additional information : LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 03. Hazardous waste according to Directive

2008/98/EC. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1213 Isobutyl acetate, 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1213

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Isobutyl acetate

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite

(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110

kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature

during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

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ADR

Transport document description : UN 1213 ISOBUTYL ACETATE, 3, II, (D/E)

Packing group (ADR) : II

Class (ADR) : 3 - Flammable liquid

Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 33 Classification code (ADR) : F1

Hazard labels (ADR) : 3 - Flammable liquids



Orange plates

33 1213

Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : D/E
Limited quantities (ADR) : 11
Excepted quantities (ADR) : E2

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1213

Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

 EmS-No. (1)
 : F-E

 MFAG-No
 : 129

 EmS-No. (2)
 : S-D

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1213

Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger
Civil Aeronautics Law : Flammable liquids

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Iso Butyl Acetate Nat (110-19-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) 5000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 STOT SE 3 H336

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

F; R11 R66

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

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National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

| Iso Butyl Acetate Nat(110-19-0) | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| State or local regulations | U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List |

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

| Aquatic Acute 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 |
|-----------------|--|
| Flam. Liq. 2 | Flammable liquids Category 2 |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor |
| H402 | Harmful to aquatic life |

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual

injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all

ambient conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.



SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

Disclaimer:

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